

Court Schools First Aid Policy



September 2026
Review Date: September 2027

Court Schools First Aid Policy

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Legal status

- This policy is drawn up and implemented to comply with The Education (Independent School Standards) (England) (Amendment) (Regulations) 2012, Part 3, Standard 14.
- Complies with Reporting of Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR). The school is mindful of its duty to report to the Health and Safety Executive (0845 3009923) any instances that fall within the Reporting Injuries, Diseases or Dangerous Occurrences Regulations Act 1995 (RIDDOR).
- Complies with the Guidance on First Aid for Schools Best Practice Document published by the Department for Education (DfE).
- Complies with the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 (amended 1997)
- First Aid at Work Guidelines for Employers published by the Health and Safety Executive 2009

Court Schools has an Appointed Person for the health and safety of the Schools' employees and anyone else on the premises. This includes all teaching and non-teaching staff, volunteers, children and visitors (including contractors). They must ensure that a risk assessment of the Schools is undertaken and that the appointments, training and resources for first aid arrangements are appropriate and in place.

Applies to:

- the whole school and all other activities provided by the school, inclusive of those outside of the normal school premises
- all staff (teaching and support staff), students on placement, the proprietor and volunteers working in the school.

Related documents:

- Health and Safety Policy; Medication Policy; Asthma Policy

Availability:

- This policy is made available to parents, staff and pupils in the following ways: via the Schools' websites and on request, a copy may be obtained from school Offices.

Monitoring and Review:

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- This policy will be subject to continuous monitoring, refinement and audit by both the Proprietors and the Head of Court Schools.
- The CEO of Court Schools will undertake a formal annual review of this policy for the purpose of monitoring and of the efficiency with which the related duties have been discharged, by no later than one year from the date shown below, or earlier if significant changes to the systems and arrangements take place, or if legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require.

Date reviewed: September 2026

Date of next review: September 2027

Introduction

This policy is designed to ensure that all children can attend school regularly and participate in activities.

This policy outlines the schools' statutory responsibility to provide adequate and appropriate first aid to pupils, staff, parents and visitors and the procedures in place to meet that responsibility. The schools comply with the Guidance on First Aid for Schools Best Practice Document published by the DfE. In order to comply with this best practice document the schools have a requirement for a minimum of three trained Emergency First Aiders who have satisfied the requirements of the 'Emergency First Aid at Work' course. However, staff should NEVER perform any First Aid Procedures that they have not been adequately trained to do.

All companies are required by The Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 (amended 1997) to provide trained first aid human resources and treatment for staff in the event of injury or ill health at work. Although the regulations only require the employer to provide cover for staff, it is the Schools' policy to extend this cover to children and visitors.

The schools will provide:

- Practical arrangements at the point of need;
- The names of those qualified in first aid and the requirement for updated training every three years;
- Having at least one qualified person on each school site when children are present;
- Showing how accidents are to be recorded and parents informed;

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- Access to first aid kits;
- Arrangements for pupils with particular medical conditions (for example asthma, epilepsy, diabetes).
- Hygiene procedures for dealing with the spillage of body fluids;
- Guidance on when to call an ambulance;
- Reference to RIDDOR (Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations, 1995), under which schools are required to report to the Health and Safety Executive (telephone 0845 300 9923)

Methodology

This First Aid Needs Assessment will consider the following topics:

- The nature of the work, the hazards and the risks
- The new classification of first aiders
- The nature of the workforce
- School history of accidents and illness
- Excursions/Sports Fixtures/Lone Workers
- The distribution of the workforce
- The remoteness of the site from emergency medical services
- The assessment of the number of first aiders required

Aims

- To ensure that first aid provision is available at all times while people are on school premises, and also off the premises whilst on school visits.
- To provide First Aid treatment where appropriate for all users of the schools (with particular reference to pupils and staff)
- To provide or seek secondary First Aid where necessary and appropriate.
- To treat a casualty, relatives and others involved with care, compassion and courtesy.

Objectives

- To appoint the appropriate number of suitably trained people as Appointed Persons and First Aiders to meet the needs of the school
- To provide relevant training and ensure monitoring of training needs

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- To provide sufficient and appropriate resources and facilities
- To inform staff and parents of the Schools' First Aid arrangements

Classification for first aiders

There are three levels of workplace first aider:

- Emergency First Aider at Work (EFAW) – 6 hour course
- Paediatric First Aider 12 hours paediatric course
- First Aider at Work (FAW) – 18 hour course.

The Nature of the Workforce

We have considered the needs and health of all employees, pupils, visitors/contractors.

An appropriate number of members of staff are FAW trained, and during term time there will also be staff with Emergency First Aider at Work (EFAW) training on site. Before a pupil is accepted for a placement in the school with specific health problems/disability (such as heart conditions, asthma, diabetes etc, a separate Risk Assessment will be completed by the Head teacher who must consider the training needs for the First Aiders within the school.

The Head teacher is responsible for ensuring that there is adequate first aid cover available at all times, including when a first aider is on annual leave, a training course, a lunch break or other foreseeable absences.

All new permanent staff members are trained to a basic level of first aid (EFAW training).

The evidence of the level of injury in our school is relatively low and really confined to pupil injuries, most of which result from slips/trips and falls or occasionally on the sports field or in the sports hall or in the playgrounds. Again most of the injuries are minor and require minimal first aid attention.

Definitions

First Aid

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The arrangements in place are to initially manage any injury or illness suffered at work. It does not matter if the injury or illness was caused by the work being carried out. It does not include giving any tablets or medicine to treat illness.

Full First Aider

A person who has completed a full (3-day) course of first aid training with a training establishment approved by the Health and Safety Executive and holds a current certificate.

Appointed Person

A person who has completed a 1-day course of emergency first aid from a competent trainer and holds a current certificate.

Policy Statement

Court Schools will undertake to ensure compliance with all the relevant legislation with regard to the provision of First Aid for pupils, staff, parents and visitors. We will ensure that procedures are in place to meet that responsibility. This policy should be read in conjunction with each School's Health and Safety policy and Off-site Activities policy. It will be reviewed annually.

First Aid Facilities

The Headteacher must ensure that the appropriate number of first-aid containers are available according to the risk assessment of the site. See Health and Safety Executive (HSE) guidelines on recommended and mandatory contents.

- All first-aid containers must be marked with a white cross on a green background;
- First aid containers always accompany the children when using any specialist facilities and during any offsite activity/education visit. First aid containers must accompany Physical Education (PE) teachers off-site;
- All vehicles carry a first aid kit;
- First aid containers should be kept near to hand washing facilities;
- Spare stock should be kept in school;
- Responsibility for checking and restocking the first-aid containers is that of the Medications Officer. The First Aiders must notify the office or the Medications Officer of any necessity of restocking of the First Aid boxes.

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Training

The list of staff with current First Aid Certificates is displayed on every floor and in the Staff Rooms and Medical Rooms. A list of First Aid qualifications is saved at the end of this policy. All First Aid qualifications are updated every three years in accordance with regulations.

First Aiders' responsibilities

- To give first response treatment
- To summon an ambulance through the school office, when necessary.
- To inform the school office when pupils are too unwell to stay at school. The school office will contact parents to collect their child and, when required, inform them of the accident and the hospital to which their child is being taken.
- To keep a legible written record of attendances, with dates, times and treatment given.

Policy on First Aid in School

All staff, both teaching and non-teaching, are responsible for dealing with minor incidents requiring first aid. During lesson time first aid is administered by the qualified class teacher or assistant, or one of the First Aid Officers. If an accident occurs in the playground and first aid is required, then one of the staff on duty in the playground, who is qualified, can assist, or if they are not qualified, they should request the assistance of the designated first aider.

The First Aiders are authorised to apply dressings and compresses and take reasonable steps to facilitate symptom relief. Fully stocked First Aid kits are available at various locations throughout the school, indicated by posters on each floor, as well as at the School Office. Any action taken should be recorded. Accidents of a more serious nature should be recorded in an accident report book, and if serious, parents should be informed by telephone. If an injury or illness involves spillage of body fluids gloves should be worn.

If there is any concern about the first aid which should be administered then qualified first aiders must be consulted.

The arrangements for first-aid provision will be adequate to cope with all foreseeable incidents. The number of designated first-aiders will not, at any time, be less than the

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number required by law. This is determined by risk assessment (Local Authority guidance). Designated staff will be given such training in first-aid techniques as is required to give them an appropriate level of competence. The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that a sufficient back-up stock is held on site. Notices will be displayed in prominent locations throughout the establishment identifying how to summon first aid in an emergency, who the first aiders are and their contact and location details. All first aid-signs and containers must be identified by a white cross on a green background. A written record will be kept of all first-aid administered either on the school premises or as a part of a school related activity.

The First Aiders' procedure for dealing with injured pupils:

1. Ascertain by inspection and discussion with a child or staff member the nature of the child's injury or illness.
2. Comfort or advise as necessary. This may be sufficient, and the child can return to class or break. Inform staff members of nature of any concerns if appropriate.
3. Treat injury or illness if required. Clean wound with antiseptic wipe or running water and cover with a plaster if still bleeding and no allergy exists.
4. Record action taken on accident report form.
5. If the child is well enough, he/she will return to class.
6. If a problem persists or there are doubts as to the seriousness of any injury then parent(s) will be telephoned and asked what they would like to do. If he/she wishes to collect their child appropriate arrangements are made.
7. If a severe illness or injury is suspected then the most appropriate member of staff will take the pupil to hospital or the emergency services will be called and administrative staff will contact the parents to inform them. No pupil will travel in an ambulance unaccompanied.
8. If any issue arises during treatment or discussion with the pupil that the First Aid Officer feels should be taken further, she/he will telephone or speak to the parents and/or the Designated Safeguarding Officer or most appropriate member of staff.

N.B. The First Aiders will have up to date Emergency First Aid training and some will have a full and current First Aid at Work Certificate. They are not, however, medically qualified and hence cannot give medical advice.

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Hygiene/Infection control/HIV Protection

Staff should take precautions to avoid infection and must follow basic hygiene procedures. Staff should have access to single-use disposable gloves and hand-washing facilities, which should be used when dealing with any blood or other bodily fluids. Staff should take care when dealing with such fluids, and when disposing of dressings or equipment. Make sure any waste (wipes, pads, paper towels etc) are placed in a disposable bag and fastened securely. Any children's clothes should be placed in a plastic bag and fastened securely ready to take home.

Source: 'Guidance on First Aid for Schools: A Good Practice Guide' (adapted).

Supporting injured children

With reference to sick children and medicine we:

- Make every effort to keep abreast of new information relating to infectious, notifiable and communicable diseases and local health issues.
- Contact the school health professional for advice if we are unsure about a health problem.
- Isolate a child if we feel that other children or staff are at risk.
- Contact parents to take children home if they are feeling unwell/being sick/have diarrhoea/have had an accident/may have an infectious disease.
- Ring emergency contact numbers if the parent or carer cannot be reached.
- Make every effort to care for the child in a sympathetic, caring and sensitive manner.
- Respect the parents' right to confidentiality
- Keep other parents informed about any infectious diseases that occur.
- Expect parents to inform the office if their child is suffering from any illness or disease that may put others at risk.
- See policy on administration of medicines (Medication Policy)

Confidentiality

Information given by parents regarding their child's health will be treated in confidence and only shared with other staff when necessary or appropriate.

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Monitoring

Accident report forms can be used to help the Head teacher/Health and Safety Officer to identify trends and areas for improvement. They also could help identify training or other needs and may be useful for insurance or investigative purposes. The Headteacher regularly reviews the accident records. This policy will be reviewed annually.

Reporting to HSE

Statutory requirements: The Schools are legally required under the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (SI 1995/3163) (**RIDDOR**) to report the following to the HSE (most easily done by calling the Incident Contact Centre (ICC) on 0845 300 99 23). The Headteacher must keep a record of any reportable injury, disease or dangerous occurrence. This must include: the date and method of reporting; the date, time and place of the event; personal details of those involved and a brief description of the nature of the event or disease. This record can be combined with other accident records.

The following accidents must be reported to the HSE involving employees or self-employed people working on the premises:

- accidents resulting in death or major injury (including as a result of physical violence)
- accidents which prevent the injured person from doing their normal work for more than three days
- accidents resulting in the person being killed or being taken from the site of the accident to hospital and the accident arises out of or in connection with work i.e. if it relates to:
 - any school activity, both on or off the premises;
 - the way the school activity has been organised and managed;
 - equipment, machinery or substances;
 - the design or condition of the premises.

HSE must be notified of fatal and major injuries and dangerous occurrences without delay. The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring this happens but may delegate the duty to the Health and Safety Officer. The School Administrator will report the incident to HSE and also to our insurers.

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Record keeping

Statutory accident records: The Head teacher must ensure that readily accessible accident records, written or electronic, are kept for a minimum of seven years. The Head teacher must ensure that a record is kept of any first aid treatment given by first aiders or appointed persons. This should include:

- the date, time and place of incident
- the name (and class) of the injured or ill person
- details of their injury/illness and what first aid was given
- what happened to the person immediately afterwards
- name and signature of the first aider or person dealing with the incident.

Reporting

The First Aider should complete an Accident Report Form. All injuries, accidents and illnesses, however minor, must be reported to the School Office and they are responsible for ensuring that the accident procedures are filled in correctly and that parents and HSE are kept informed as necessary.

The original will be sent home with the pupil, a copy of this is kept in the Accident Report folder, in the School Office and a copy is filed in the pupil's file. All details need to be filled in, including any treatment given.

Reporting to Parents

In the event of accident or injury parents must be informed as soon as practicable. The member of staff in charge at the time will decide how and when this information should be communicated, in consultation with the Headteacher if necessary. Parents are always called if there is a head injury, no matter how apparently minor.

Accidents involving Staff

Work related accidents resulting in death or major injury (including as a result of physical violence) must be reported immediately (major injury examples: dislocation of hip, knee or shoulder; amputation; loss of sight; fracture other than to fingers, toes or thumbs)

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Work related accidents which prevent the injured person from continuing with his/her normal work for more than three days must be reported within 10 days. Cases of work related diseases that a doctor notifies the School of (for example: certain poisonings; lung diseases; infections such as tuberculosis or hepatitis; occupational cancer). Certain dangerous occurrences (near misses - reportable examples: bursting of closed pipes; electrical short circuit causing fire; accidental release of any substance that may cause injury to health).

Accidents involving pupils or visitors

Accidents where the person is killed or is taken from the site of the accident to hospital and where the accident arises out of or in connection with:

- any School activity (on or off the premises)
- the way a School activity has been organised or managed (e.g. the supervision of a field trip)
- equipment, machinery or substances
- the design or condition of the premises.

Need to be reported without delay to HSE, followed by Form F2508.

For more information on how and what to report to the HSE, please see:

<http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/index.htm>. It is also possible to report online via this link

RIDDOR

(Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations, 1195)

All Schools are required to report to the Health and Safety Executive (Tel: 0845 300 99 23). Employers must report: Deaths, major Injuries, over three-day injuries, accidents causing injury to pupils, accidents causing injury to members of the public or people not at work, specified dangerous occurrences where something happened which did not result in an injury but could have done.

This is reported via DCC OSHENS at Magdalen Court School, and Cornwall CC Assessnet at Cardrew Court School.

Basic First Aid

Knowing what to do in an emergency is vitally important. Consider getting some first aid training and a first aid kit, and familiarise yourself with how to deal with some of the more

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common situations. If someone is injured, the following steps will keep them as safe as possible until professional help arrives:

- Keep calm.
- If people are seriously injured call 999 / 122 immediately; contact the Duty First Aider.
- Make sure you and the injured person are not in danger.
- Assess the injured person carefully and act on your findings using the basic first aid steps below.
- Keep an eye on the injured person's condition until the emergency services arrive.

Unconsciousness	Bleeding
If the person is unconscious with no obvious sign of life, call 999 / 112 and ask for an ambulance. If you or any bystander has the necessary skills, give them mouth-to-mouth resuscitation while you wait for the emergency services.	Control severe bleeding by applying firm pressure to the wound using a clean, dry dressing and raise it above the level of the heart. Lay the person down, reassure them, keep them warm and loosen tight clothing.
Burns	Broken bones
For all burns, cool with water for at least 10 minutes. Do not apply dry dressings, keep the patient warm and call an ambulance.	Try to avoid as much movement as possible.

Embedded Objects and Splinters

An object embedded in a wound (other than a small splinter) should not be removed as it may be removed as it may stem bleeding, or further damage may result.

In principle leave the splinter in place, carefully clean the area with warm soapy water; use sterile dressing to cover it, Report to parents, if the child is particularly uncomfortable contact parents.

Cleaning up body fluids from floor surfaces

All appropriate precautions will be taken by the support staff when cleaning up after an incident involving blood, vomit, etc.

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Avoid direct contact with body fluids, as they all have the potential to spread germs. Germs in vomit and faeces may become airborne, so it is very important to clean up body fluids quickly. Disposable bags (for soils) are available in the school office.

- Put on gloves and a disposable apron. Disposable latex or vinyl gloves are the best choice. However, reusable rubber gloves are acceptable as long as they are cleaned and sanitised after each use.
- Remove all visible material from the most soiled areas, using a paper towel.
- The remaining visible material should then be sprayed and cleaned using an antibacterial spray.
- Wash the non-disposable cleaning equipment (mops, buckets) thoroughly with soap and hot water.
- Discard gloves, disposable apron etc as appropriate. Finally wash your hands thoroughly using soap and water.

The nature of the work, the hazards and the risks

The following table, compiled using information from the Health & Safety Executive, identifies some common workplace risks and the possible injuries that could occur:

Risk	Possible injuries requiring first aid	Assessed risk to employees, pupils and visitors/contractors	Remarks
Manual Handling	Fractures, lacerations, sprains and strains (mainly pertains to kitchen/cleaning and maintenance staff)	Low	
Slip and trip hazards	Fractures, sprains and strains, lacerations. (mainly pupils)	Low	
Machinery	Crush injuries, amputations, fractures, lacerations, eye injuries – there are very few machines within the school which are capable of causing amputations and fractures.	Low	
Work at height	Head injury, loss of consciousness, spinal injury, fractures, sprains and strains – working at heights is restricted to	Low	

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	adults, below one metre an adult can work alone; over one metre a full size ladder or scaffold tower is used with 2 or more people present at all times.		
Workplace transport	Crush injuries, fractures, sprains and strains, spinal injuries – it is unlikely that workplace transport injuries will occur as the minibus is only used for people carrying.	Low	
Electricity	Electric shock, burns – all hardwiring is tested every 5 years and PA 100% every 3 years, there is also an annual visual H&S self-audit which should identify any shortcomings and these would then be rectified, couple to this is the appointment of H&S reps who are responsible for monitoring all H&S matters within their area of responsibility.	Low	
Chemicals	Poisoning, loss of consciousness, burns, eye injuries – all chemicals are kept under lock and key and their issue and use is supervised by qualified adults/personnel	Low	